Vol. XLII., No.13, 186.

NEWS FROM WASHINGTON.

LEGISLATIVE AND GENERAL TOPICS. A VOTE IN THE SENATE AGAINST A RECESS-DEMO-CRATIC OPPOSITION TO LEGISLATION-A LATE DEBATE ON CIVIL SERVICE-A NEW MARSHAL FOR SOUTHERN NEW-YORK.

The United States Senate voted yesterday, by a majority of 11, not to take a holiday reress; but in the House twenty-four more leaves of absence were granted, and it is not believed that a quorum will be present for the transaction of business. Indeed, the purpose of the Democratic minority is apparent, to prevent any useful legislation during the present session. The Civil-Service bill was debated in the Senate. Senator Logan introduced a bill transferring the Weather Bureau to the Interior Department. Joel B. Erhardt was nominated to be Marshal for the Southern District of New-

THE SENATE TO REMAIN AT WORK. IBY TFLEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.]

Washington, Dec. 21.-Three days ago a poll of Republican Senators was taken on the question of adjournment over the holidays. Eight Senators recorded themselves in favor of a recess of the usual length, to Begin on Saturday and end on Tue-day, January 2. One wished for a recess of four days; three expressed themselves in favor of a recess of three days, and twenty-four voted against any recess at ail. This was supposed practically to determine the matter of a recess in the ne rative, in ismuch as it was known that a number

of Democrats would also oppose it.

The House resolution was called up by Senator Hale this morning, and gave rise to a spicy political debate. Tas majority of the Dam erats, feeling no interest in or responsibility for pending legislation, and in fact rather desiring, for political reasons, that hitle or nothing should be accomplished during the session, argued strongly for adjournment. Republicans made reply, alluding to the many important measures pending and proposed upon which action was expected by the people during the present session, and scouting the idea that committees would remain in Washington and work while the Senate itself was not in session. They urged that the time after the 1st of January would be barely efficient to get through with the appropriation bilis, unless the daily sessions were prolonged beyond the usual hour for adjournment; and it was declared that a vote for a recess, as proposed by the House, was equiva-

for a recess, as proposed by the House, was equivalent to a vote against tartif revision, revenue reduction, Civil Service Reform and all the other important measures which were pending in the Senate as a legacy from the last session.

Arguments of this kind led to partisan recrumnation, and for an hour or two the records of the two parties for the last fifty years furnished the text for Senatorial eloquence, Senator Garland introduced an amendment which would have the effect to let the flouse take a recess as it proposed, but would keep the Senater in session. This was defeated by a vote of 17 to 45. The vote then recurred on the House resolution, which was lost by a vote of 25 yeas to 36 nays.

Several Senators who voted againft adjournment were disappointed to find that their willingness to change their change effective. The sentiment of the majority of the Republicans, however, was expressed to the effect that the reasons given for remaining were altogether too potent to be overlooked.

POOR PROSPECTS FOR LEGISLATION.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 21.—The rejection by the Senate of the resolution for a holiday recess excited only a languid interest in the House, where almost the only comme # was, "Oh. well, that vote doesn't settle it. By to-morrow the Senate will reconsider its action and adopt the resolution." The Representatives generally appear to think that their illustrions example will be followed by the Senators, Probably there is no Representative who now expects anything to be done by the House between to-morrow and January 3. This morning 55 Representatives were absent with leave or had leaves of absence running from to-morrow until after the helidays, and 61 were absent without leave. Of the latter number 15, including Messes. Camp and Benjamin Wood, of New-York, have not put in an appearance this session at all. Before the House adjourned this afternoon leave of absence was granted to 24 more of its members, including Mr. Camp. After 9 had been excused an effort was made to put on the brakes by Messrs. Hiscock, Burrows and Reed, but it failed

The more thoughtful Representatives fully realize now that the farcical proceedings of the House in regard to a holiday recess have had a serious side from be beginning, and that the action of nearly all the Democrats has been governed by their general policy to frustrate as far as possible all attempts of the Republicans to satisfy public sentiment in regard to legislation. "Of course, we who are on the ground can see

what the minority is trying to do, and I wish it could be exposed so that the country would understand it too," said Mr. Reed after the House adjourned to-day. He con-tinued: "One thing people don't seem to understand is, that with the very slim majority we have we cannot do anything if the other side tries to prevent us. They can waste just as much time in speechmaking and in other ways as they choose, and we cannot stop them. I admit that the Republicans were responsible for the action of the House Tuesday: but, generally speaking, the minority, under our present rules, has as much power and is as responsible as the majority for what the House does or refuses to do. Many of our men have become discouraged and have lost all interest in the public business.

Every word of this frank statement and confes-Every word of this frank statement and contes-sion is strictly true-indeed more might be said with equal truth. Under such circumstances—with a powerful minority united in a policy of obstraction and delay, and a majority which was weakened at the outset by an attempt to foist upon it as leader a man who could command neither confidence nor re-spect, and which has become dispirited and demoral-ized by other causes, the outlook for practical and satisfactory legislation at this session upon the tariff, internal taxation, or civil service is by no means promising.

SENATOR COCKRELL'S PONDEROUS JOKE. IBY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.]

WASHINGTON, Dec. 21.-Senator Cockrell is wag and so is Senator Edmunds, although their waggery is of that stately, elephantine character which requires time for its evolution, and does not at once penetrate the mentality of the casual visitor

Senator Edmunds set for himself the task early in the present session of keeping the Senate up to its work, and of trying to accomplish more than is usually expected of a short session of Congress. To this end he has uniformly opposed adjournment before 6 o'clock, but as he has not always succeeded in carrying his point, or in persuading a majority of his own party to stand with him, his efforts have resulted in no practical good, however weil intentioned; for roll calls and a crossfiring of partisan raillery have generally filled up the minutes after 5 o'clock. In this contest Senato Cockrell has taken the lead in opposition to the Senator from Vermont, on one occasion producing several volumes of the journal of the Senate, from which he read the record of adjournments from the

beginning of former sessions. This evening at 4 o'clock Senator Cockrell, having fortified himself with an early dinner, took the floor, holding in his hand about tifty large pages of manuscript, and having surrounded himformidable rampart of books. By 8 o'clock Mr. Cockrell's joke was beginning to be appreciated, and the few remaining Senators prepared themselves to make a night of it. Sen-

ator Hoar and Senator Edmunds even ventured to interrupt the Senator from Missouri, and discuss with him some of the points to which he was alluding. This was not exactly what Mr. Cockrell expected, and he shortly began to show signs of a de-

sire to escape. At half-past 8 Mr. Cockrell concluded. Senator Edmunds called for a voic upon the amendment to the Civil Service bill. Senator Pendleton moved to adjourn, and upon this Senator Edmunds demanded the year and navs. Seven Senators answered to their names, but three were The vote stood 7 for paired. The vote stood 7 for adjournment and 7 against it so the Chair declared the motion lost. Then a call of the Senate was ordered, and for the second time the clerk read through the whole list of names, seventeen Senators only responding. A second motion to adjourn was then made and after some badinage was carried by a division. 10 votes being in the affirmative and 6 in the negative. Thus the farce ended.

Scuator Cockrell is supposed to be the last of those who had formal speaches to deliver upon the Civil Service bill. Senator Pendicton gave notice before adjournment that he would ask the Senate to vote upon the amendments to morrow, and would attempt to get a final vote upon the bill.

BROOKLYN NAVY YARD SEWER BIDS.

INTTELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE. WASHINGTON, Dec. 21 .- The fact that the conract for the Brooklyn Navy Yard sower is to be warded without having been readvertised, after the failure of several bidders to take the contract, has given rise to some criticisms. The facts as obtained from the Department are these : The contract was advertised on September 20, but a'l the bids were rejected because unsatisfactory. It was advertised again October 20. The bids were as follows: Michael Tobin, \$65,550; John Brady, \$79,500; Friel & McNamee, \$88,125; John Me Kim, \$96,000; Austin P. Brown, \$96,200; Charles Hart, \$97,800; David Babesek & Co., \$99,040 John Kelley, \$103,175; James H. Sullivan,

Tobin's bid was found to be begus, and was thrown out. The centract was awarded to Brady, who failed to qualify. awarded to Brany, who also failed to qualify. It was finally awarded to Charles Hart, who accepted, the Secretary passing over McKim, whose bid was \$1.800 lower, on the ground that Hart engaged to no the work in fifty-five days less time, and this gain in time virtually made- the bid

The persons who have failed to take the contract after it was awarded to the are hable for the aff-ference between the amount of their bid and that next above, and have been informed that suit will be brought. Each bid was a companied by sureties for \$20,000, who are liable for this difference. Hart for \$20,000, who are liable for this difference. Harthas not yet quadified. Secretary Chandler says he did not advertise the contract again, because he saw nothing to be gained by doing so after two attempts; and the law leaves it at his opion. Some of the Department officials have evidently heard the rumors that some of the lower bidders have been bought off, but of course know nothing of them.

ANXIETY IN THE TOBACCO TRADE. [BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.]

Washington, Dec. 21.-The Ways and Means committee failed to-day in its effort to obtain an expression from the House to the effect that if the tobacco tax shall be reduced or abolished a rebate ought to be allowed upon all unbroken tax-paid packages at the time the law takes effect. The same fate befell a substitute, reciting that in the opinion of the House the tobacco tax ought not to be reduced except as provided in the Internal Revenue bill new before the Senate. Mr. Tucker of Virginia, made an appeal in behalf of the tobacco manufacturers, whose business he described as being in a paralyzed condition, on account of the uncertainty regarding the action of Congress. He said that the adoption of the resolution reported by Chairman Kelley would relieve the manufacturers and restore to their business its wonted activity. The Speaker ruled that no action could be taken without unanimous consent, which it was impossible to obtain. Among the objectors was Mr. Hatch of Miss uri, who became very violent in his declarabe done for the relief of tobacco manufacturers unless it is accompanied by provisions for the relief of tobacco growers. The resolution and substitute were re-erred to the Committee of the Whole and will have to take their chances along with the numerous other measures on that calendar. tions that if he can prevent it nothing shall

Mr. Rogers, acting Commissioner of Internal Revenue, stated to a TrunuxE correspondent to-day, as an instance of the maction in the tobacco trade caused by uncertainty as to the course Congress will take, that the internal revenue collec or at Richmond, while on a visit here the other day. reported 4,000 persons out of employment in his discrict alone. Similar reports come from all parts of the country; and, with the winter just opening, much suffering is the result.

MARSHAL KNOX'S SUCCESSOR. [BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.]

WASHINGTON, Dec. 21 .- Among the nominations ent by the President to the Senate to-day was that of Joel B. Erhardt to be Marshal of the Scuthern District of New York. As there had been no pre vious announcement of Marshal Knox's resignation, it was at first supposed he had bee removed. Inquiry at the Department of Justice, however, showed that he had resigned. Nothing was known there of the circumstances leading to the resignation which was sent to the President and by him transmitted to the Attorney-General with a direction for the nomination of Mr. Erhardt.

SKETCH OF MR. ERHARDT.

Joel B. Erhardt was born in Pennsylvania forty-three years ago, but he has lived in this city nearly forty years. He was educated at the University of Vermont and afterward studied law. At the outbreak of th Rebellion he was a member of the 7th Regiment National Guard, and served with it until the expiration of its term of service. He then went to Vermont and assisted in raising the 1st Vermont Cavalry, with which he served for two years. During the last two weeks of the war he was Provost Marshal of the IVth District in this city, and was afterward Assistant United States District-Attorney under B. F. Silliman, in Brooklyn. He was a candidate on the Republican ticket for Alderman in the VIIth Senate District in 1875, but was defeated. In January, 1876, when Governor Til 'en approved the removal of Police Commissioners Matsell and Disbecker on charges preferred by Mayor Wickham, Mr. Erhardt was apsointed by the Mayor to succeed Mr. Disbecker, and at the same time De Witt C. Wheeler was made the suc-cessor of Mr. Matsell. Mr. Ernardt's term expired May cessor of Mr. Matsell. Mr. Ernardt's term expired May 1, 1877, but the Beard of Aldermen did not confirm his successor until May, 1879, when Stephen B. French was appointed by Mayor Cooper. Mayor Elypreferred charges against Mr. Erhardt and two other Police Commissioners, but after a long trial before him he did not attempt their removal. Soon after Mayor Cooper came into office, in 1879, Mr. Erhardt was charged by one of his brother Commissioners with furnishing the Mayor with material for the charges which the Mayor afterward preferred against the Commissioners. This led to some lively scenes in the Police Board, but Mayor Cooper preferred charges against Mr. Ernardt as well as the other Commissioners. These charges were of mismanagement, incompetency, lailure to keep the streets clean, etc. A long trial followed, but while the certificate of removal was before Governor Robinson, the Board of Aldermen confirmed Mr. Erhardt's successor. Since that time he has not taken any active part in politics, but has been known as an Administration Republican and a close friend of President Arthur and of George Hilss.

CONGRESSIONAL TOPICS IN BRIEF.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 21 .- In the House today a resolution from the Committee on Ways and Means was reported declaring it to be the sense of the House that in case the internal revenue laws be so amended as to abolish the tax on tobacco, shuff and cigars, or either, provision should be made for allowing a rebate of the tax paid on stock on hand at the time such law goes into effect, provided that such stock is

stamped and in unbroken packages.

Mr. Kasson, of Iowa, in behalf of the minority of th committee, reported as a substitute a resolution declar-ing that in the judgment of the Hause no farther reduc-tion of taxes on the manufacture of tobacco shall now be made than that provided for in the Hause bill to re-quee internal revenue taxation now pending in the Sen-

The immediate consideration of the subject was ob-

the immediate constant of the resolutions were referred and notice was given for their early consideration.

The Army Appropriation bill was considered in Committee of the Whole. The question of compensation to be paid to the Pacific railroads for the transport of treops and Government supplies was discussed. The

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general debate then closed, but without further action | DOINGS IN FOREIGN LANDS. NOMINATIONS BY THE PRESIDENT.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 21.-The President sent the following nominations to the Senate to-day: Joel B. Erhardt, of New-York, to be United States Marshal for the Southern District of New-York. George M. Lambertson, United States Attorney for George M. Lamperson, United States Consuls—W. F. Rowland, of New-To be United States Consuls—W. F. Rowland, of New-York, at Nice; and George F. Mosher, of New-Hamp-shire, at Souneburg.

WASHINGTON NOTES. Washington, Thursday, Dec. 21, 1882. The Controller of the Currency has authorized the

Third National Bank of Greensburg, N. Y., to begin business with a capital of \$50,000. The Secretary of the Treasury has approved the recommendation of the Commission that the St. Paul's Church property at the corner of Warren and Fayette-

The Treasury Department to-day purchased 130,000 punces of sliver for delivery at the different mins. The total exchange of 312 per cent bonds into 3 per cents to date is \$286,923,400, of which amount

\$27,555,900 have been exchanged since November 1 The celebrated tobacco case against the Rothschilds, of Detroit, is now before the Secretary of the treasury. The case is set for trial on the 15th prox. and the Solicitor of the Tressary has arged that it be vigorously prosecuted and that in future no delays be allowed. Secretary Folger to-day appointed the following in-spectors of foreign steam vessels for the port of New-

York: Thomas H. Barrett, Peter J. Donohue, Daniel P. McQueen, Michael Conklin, David Giliespie and Samuel A letter from the Collector of Customs at Sitka, Alaska. submitted to the House to-day by the Secretary of the Treasury, in reply to the resolution of Mr. Hewitt concerning the shelling of Alaskan Indians ov the revenue catter Corwm, publics the aution of Olivers Healy, Merriam and Adams.

For Other Washington News See Third Page.

THE FAILURE OF THE ROCHESTER BANK. ALBANY, Dec. 21 .- The Attorney-General ans begun an actio agrainst the City Bank of Rochester, a behalf of the People, to dissolve the corporation and

to appoint a receivel. WASHINGTON, Dec. 21.—The suspended Rochester Washington, Dec. 21.—The suspender the fave of the state of New York, applied to the Controller of the Carrency in March, 1880, for coversion rate a National bank, but its business was so extended by rediscounts and loans upon real estate that the application was deuted.

ROCHESTER, Dec. 21.—The William C. Moore private

anking house at Victor, N. Y., which was obliged to lose its doors yesterday owing to the suspension of the City Bank of Rochester, has limbilities estimated at City Bank of Rochester, has mode an assignment of the assets to Josiah Upton, of Victor, as follows: Farm, worth \$12,000, mortgaged for \$6,000; bank bullding, worth \$12,000, mortgaged for \$7,000; and cash and paper in the bank vanies estimated at \$10,000. There are about 1,200 depositors, seventy of whom have balances on deposit of \$35,500. Business men doubt if the bank will pay 10 cents on the dollar.

Charles E. Upton, president of the failed Rochester bank, and L. P. Ross, the vice-president, are reneral partners in the stock-brokerage firm of Dakin & Co., No. 2 Exchange Court. The head of the firm is G. W. B. Dakin, who has been a member of the Stock Exchange for many years. He retired from active business at one time, but about two years ago he returned to the street. The present firm was formed then. It is rated in Bradstreet's at \$100,000 to \$150,000 capital and in

high credit.

It was not known yesterday that the firm would suffer any loss through the failure of the Bochester bank. Mr. Dakin was said at its office to be absent from the city. The business of the house has been largely with persons in the interior of this State.

A NEW-YORK CITY BANK DEFRAUDED.

CLEVELAND, Dec. 21 .- A daring forgery perpetrated primarily on the National Bank of Commerce, in this city, causes a loss to the Manhattan Bank of New-York. A man giving the name of W. T. Watson bought a draft for \$17 63 on the Manhaitan Bank. A few days draft for \$17.63 on the Manhattan Bank. A few days later a draft for \$5,679.48 was cashed in Buffalo at the Traders' Bank which proved to be the same \$17.63 draft, most skilling altered. Wataon had done some business with the Buffalo bank, which fact disarrated suspicion, and when the forged draft was presented and faid, he field.

William Henry Smith, president of the Manhattan Company, a State bank, No. 40 Wall-st., said last evening:

ing:

"It is true that, such a check came to the bank, but it came through the Clearing House, and was properly indured. It was discovered quickly that the check had been raised and we sent it back. Of course our bank likes nothing by the operation, and in fact I think that we have already received the money. The loss will fall naturally on the Buffalo bank, which cashed the check, but of the details of the transaction I have very little knowledge. Of the man Watson, who is reported to nave presented the check to the Buffalo bank, I never before knowledge. Of the man Watson, who is reported to cave presented the check to the Buffalo bank, I never before heard: I famegine that manust be some poor tellow who was hard-up, and took tiffs way to replenish his purse. He may make his living in this way for all that I know, but there is nothing in the present case to lead anyone to suppose that it is anything more than an isolated instance. Of one thing I am sure, and that is that our bank loses nothing."

IRON MANUFACTURERS AND THE TARIFF

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 21 .- At a meeting of manufacturers of pig iron, bar iron, plate and sheet iron and other kinds of iron in the States east of the Allegannies, held here to-day, it was decided to submit a statenent to Congress expressing satisfaction at the appoint ment of the Tariff Commission.

The statement says: "While not approving all the

changes proposed by the Commission, we believe that in the main such reductions will not paralyze the industries to be affected by them. It is further respectfully represented that the development and prosperity of the lead-ing manufacturing industries of the country are to-day very greatly interrupted by the feeling of uncertainty which prevails in the public mind concerning the action that is to be taken by Congress upon the question of parifi revision. If this feeling were dispelled, without at tariff revision. If this feeling were dispelled, without at the same time reducing duties immoderately, business confidence would be largely restored, and the new year, as well as many succeeding years, would promise to be attended by a fair degree of prosperity in which all honess labor would share. But a prolonged continuance of the present anxiety such as would result from the failure of the present Congress to dispose of the tariff question would produce widespread and continuous business depression and embarrassment.

"We therefore earnestly recommend that the present Congress will proceed to revise the tariff in accordance with the schedules presented by the Tariff Commission.

"We therefore earnesty reconstruction of the contrast will proceed to revise the tariff in accordance with the schedules presented by the Tariff Commission. We do not underrate the magnitude nor the importance of the work involved in this revision, but if Congress values the grateful thanks of a now anxious and perplexed people, it will not hestate to address itself with zeal and energy to the early accomplishment of that work."

FAST HORSES PURCHASED BY MR. SAGE.

CHICAGO, Dec. 21 .- Owing to an error in the transmission of a dispatch sent recently, the an-Jollet, Iil., had been sold with some of its stock. The fact is that the proprietor of that farm sold to Russell Sage, of New York, the celebrated team of trotters Jen-nie Cuyler and Gypsy Maid, but not the farm.

STATE CONTRACTS AWARDED.

ALBANY, Dec. 21.-The following contracts were awarded this morning by the Secretary of the State, and Controller: For the Department of Printing and for printing the Session laws, and stips, to Weed Parsons & Co., of Albany. For bluding legislative docu-ments and Session laws, to James B. Lyot, of Albany.

CRIMES AND CASUALTIES-BY TELEGRAPH.

A BOATSWAIN DROWNED AT SEA. Boston, Dec. 21.—James Waiter, boatswain of the steamship Glendown, a native of Newcastle, England, tell from the loreyard overboard and was drowned, on Decem-ber 14.

ber 14.

FALLING INTO A SLATE QUARRY.

EASTON, Penin. D.c. 21.—1 homas J., Jones was killed at Pena Argyl, this county, tals merning, by falling late a state quarry, a distance of 103 feet. He leaves a wife and three children.

and three children.

STATHED SEVERAL TIMES IN A HOTEL.

READING, Penn., Dec. 21.—Levi Maltzberger, age
inty-five a well-known builder and contractor of this city
was stabbed several times while in a hotel barroom has night
was stabbed several times while in a hotel barroom has night
was the program of the contractor. The stabbidge was the

to-day.

CHARLES E. POUCHER COMMITTED TO JAIL.

SYRACUSE. Dec. 21.—In de-ault or bail Charles
E. Poucher, ir., was to-day committed to the Orondaga pealtentiary, to await the action of the Grand Jury on charges of
faise pretences and forgety.

KILLED WHILE COUPLING CARS.

LANCASTER, Penn., Dec. 21.—Willia n Wilson, of
Doe Ron, Chester County, a brakeman on the Pennsylvania
flailroad, was killed at columbia tais morning, while coupling cars.

ACQUITTED ON GROUND OF ANGANITY.

ACQUITTED ON GROUND OF INSANITY.

THE WAR CLOUD IN CENTRAL EUROPE. BERLIN, Dec. 21 .- The National Gazette says that rement of troops is contemplated with the object of stationing larger garrisons on the Russian frontier. The erection of large barracks and the double-tracking of some of the Eastern railways are

The North German Gazette, referring to Prussia's military preparations, says: "The measures are defensive. Nobody could regard them as signify-log preparations for immediately impending wars."

THE FRENCH EXPEDITION TO TONQUIN. Paris, Dec. 21.-The Cabinet to-day contered the proposed expedition to Tonquin. Presiden Grevy assented to the proposal of Admiral Jauregin berry. Minister of Marine, which is regarded as adopted. The Government will demand a credit of 11,000,000 frances for the expedition. M. Duciere, Prime Minister. Was not present at the meeting.

It is stated in the new spapers here that reinforcements will be sent immediately to occupy Tonqvin in order to give effect to the Frenca Protectorate of Anam.

TWENTY PERSONS KILLED IN A MINE. DORTMUND, Prussia, Dec. 21.-While a cage was descending the Hardenburg mine yesterday, the chain to walch it was attached broke and the cage

WASHINGTON RELICS FOR SALE. London, Dec. 21 .- Herbert Matson, a Congregationalist minister of Northampton, writes to The Dully News toelesing a letter from President Arthur, tember 2, acknowledging the receipt of a lette from Mr. Matson in which the latter called the Presi dent's attention to certain Washington relies and ad while it has an opportunity. President Archur thanks Mr. Maison for his interest in the matter, but says that in the ausence of any legislation by Congress locking to their purenase neise mands to take any steps in that direction. Mr. Maison says he has no donot that some member of Congress will now propose that the relies be purenased for the United States Government.

THE NEW ARCHBISHOP OF CANTERBURY. LONDON, Dec. 21 .- The Rev. Dr. Benson, who has been selected as Archbianop of Canterbury, lately became somewhat unpopular with the Non-Cotery. The cause of offence was a sentence in an address servered by him at a discosum conference in which he accessed the Laberation accepts of issuing crafty forgeries accessed the Laboration and printed misines.

THE ARREST OF PRINCE KRAPOTKINE. Lyons, Dec. 21.-Prince Krapotkine was arrested in couse; tence of the discovery of important papers in his nouse. It is stated that the papers prove is complicity in various anarchist mevements in French territory. The Prince is charged, first, with belonging to an association of Frenchmen and foreigners means of pilinge and assassination; and, second, with naving been the chief mover of an anarchist association in France, and with visiting Lyons for the purpose of organizing a conspiracy at secret meetings. Prince Krapotkine and forty-five other anarchists will be tried here early in January before the Correctional Tribunal.

CARDINAL DONNET SERIOUSLY ILL. Paris, Dec. 21.-Cardinal Donnet, Archbishop f Bordeaux, is seriously iii. [Francis Augustus Fer

INCIDENTS IN THE IRISH AGITATION. Dublin, Dec. 21 .- All the witnesses sum-

moned in connection with the Passulx Park murders were examined at a private inquiry to day. They were instructed to attend to-morrow at Kilmainham Jail, where Westgate is lodged, to see if they could identify him as one of the assassins.

The Freeman's Journal confirms the report that the

police have received information which is likely to lead to the arrest of the murderers of Lord Mountmorres. The arrest of forty young farmers reported yesterday in connection with a proclaimed meeting at Ballymena was made on an information taken by direction of Clif-

The secretary of Mr. Tuke's Emigration Fund has Issued an appeal for aid to canole distressed people in Ireland to emigrate to Canada and the United States. It dwells on the prosperity of those was have already been sent out. The Local Government Board has applied to Mr. Tuke's committee for cooperation in furthering the Government's emigration scheme. The districts altready intrasted to the committee contain an aggregate population of ever 30,000.

The United Ireland says to at a company is forming, with a capital of £1,000,000, for developing Irish manufactures.

AFFAIRS IN EGYPT.

LONDON, Dec. 21.-A Reuter dispatch from aire says it is untrue that M. Bredif has resumed the

functions of Controller. narrial have been dissolved. It is expected that a de-

rere will be issued to-morrow banisaing some of the recel prisoners, but releasing most of taem. General Sir Evelya Wood, commander of the Khedive's army, has arrived in Alexandria.

LONDON, Dec. 22.—A dispatch from Curo to The Daily Telegraph reports that General Stone Pacha, late chief of said of the Expytlan army, has resigned his commission, and intends to return forthwith to America.

TOPICS IN CUBA.

HAVANA, Dec. 21 .- Alarming reports are ublished of freed negroes, many of them armed, living agrant in the woods in various parts of the island. It is said that their numbers are increasing daily, and that they are forming secret societies.

Two slight snocks of earthquake were experienced at Santiago de Cuba on the 11th inst. Another snock, which was very violent but of snort duration, occurred there on the morning of the 12th inst.

NEWS FROM THE DOMINION. MONTREAL, Dec. 21 .- The will of David Greenshields, a retired wholesale merchant of this city. ras read to-day. He seaves \$600,000. Among the be-

Montreal General Hospital.

A young man named Ernest Maillou, son of a wealthy wine merchant in France, who was sent here on account

of his dissipated habits, has been detec ed robbing his fellow-boarder. His last theft was that of a valuable liamond ring.
The Chief of Police has received notice from Scotland

And of a great diamond roosery in London, England, and the offer of a reward of \$2,500 for the capture of the thief, who is supposed to have fied to Canada.

NIAGARA FALLS, Ont., Dec. 21.—Primee Tarnhito of Arisagawa and suite arrived here to-day from New-York, They will leave at boon to-morrow for Washington.

FOREIGN NOTES.

LOSDON, Thursday, Dec. 21, 1882. The budget deficit in Beigium for 1883 is estimated at A disputch from Glasgow says that the calico print

works of Messrs. Dalgish & Falconer have been destroyed by fire. Tae loss is £20,000.

It is expected that the political debate in the Chamber of Deputies will be finished on Saturday, when the Cortes will adjourn to January 8. A dispatch from Naples says: "A railway passenger

train has been stopped and robbed by an armed band. The Government has offered a reward of 2,000 france for the apprehension of the robbers."

It is officially announced in St. Petursburg that the It is officially amounced in St. Fetulisage that Czar has commuted to imprisonment at hard labor for an indefinite period the death *entence of the woman convicted of wounding the Governor of Tsenita.

Count Menabrea, the newly appointed Italiaa Ambassador to France, presented his credentials to President

Grevy to-day. President Grevy responded, reciprocating the friendly scattments expressed oy Count Menabrea.

The St. Petersburg Golos says the Senate has decided to accede to the request of certain Jewish chemists to rescind the order of General Ignation forbidding Jews from keeping chemists shops outside of those parts of the Empire set uside for Jews to live in.

the Empire set used for Jews to ave in.

The debate on the Parliamentary Oath bill was resumed in the Italian Chamber of Deputies to-day. The Minister of Foreign Affairs and the Minister of Justice Amister of Foreign Analis, has the annister of Justice supported the measure. A motion expressing confidence in the Jovernment was uitinately carried by a vote of 324 to 32. Tairry-one members of the Left, including Signors Cairoli and Crispi, abstained from control.

MAIL MATTER DESTROYED.

ALBANY, Dec. 21 .- One of the storage mail cars of the train which left here at 11:15 this morning was burned four miles west of Schenectady. It was packed with mail matter from Boston and New-York, for the Western cities.

As nearly as could be ascertained from the New-York office, the mail from this city consumed consisted of matter received at the General Post Office between the sours of 9 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. of the 20th inst., for the

for San Francisco, two ponches foreign letters for Chicago, and, with the exception of about five sacks Chicago, and, with the exception of about five sucks saved, the following paper mail: San Francisco, 18 sucks; Chicago, 16; St. Louis, 7; Toledo, 3; St. Joseph, 1; Iowa, 78; Minessin, 43; Nebracka, 23; Wisconsin, 54; Idaho, 8; Oregon, 14; Wyoming, 8; Washington Territory, 12; Montana, 10; Deiota, 14. All transpacing of the control of the control of the mail destroyed. It is believed that at least a large portion of foreign paper mail for the same region, received on Wednesday by the steamers Bohomia, City of Chester and St. Laurent, was destroyed. There were 600 bags of letters in the mail, holding about 50,000 separate pieces.

THE DIAMOND SWINDLERS.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 21.-Jacob Myers and who were at rested on Tuesday for conspiracy to defraud several New-York jeweilers, were given a hearing this afternoon, Benjamin Greenwald, who was originally arrested for carrying out the scheme to defraud, tostified that in September last the defendants arranged with him to obtain the goods. They advanced him \$9,000, and with this money as a basis of his business, he pro cured at various times goods to the value of \$38,500. cured at various times goods to the value of \$38,000. The diamonds were sold at whatever prices could be obtained for them, and witness paid the prisoners back part of the money and gave them some of the goods. The arrangement was that after the witness had faded the creditors were to be settled with at 10 cents on the dollar, the defendant saying that they could take that or nothing. The profits of the traffaccious were to be equally divided among the prisoners and himself. The nemed men were again held in \$30,000 bell, which they were unable to furnish.

THE BOOK TRADE AND THE TARIFF.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 21 .- At a meeting of the Book Trade Association, Henry C. Buird, chairman of the committee appointed to visit Washington, reported that he had written to William D. Kelley request ing him to appoint a time when the Ways and Means Committee of Congress, of which Mr. Kelley is chairman, would give the representatives of the Book Trade Asso would give the representatives of the floor Trade Asso, cuttion a hearing. Mr. Baird received a reply autieg that the Ways and Means Committee would not give a hearing to any committee, but would give their attention to any written communication or the subject of the triff of books that might be sent to them. It was accided to issue a circular soliciness of the various protective associations throughout the country, of a kindred nature, asking them to join with the Book Trade Association of Philadelphian demanding a hearing before the committee, and to appoint a day on which each of such associations will sent a member with the delegates of the floor Trade Association.

A WILL SUCCESSFULLY CONTESTED.

W. R. Sheiden Elwin Parkard H. A. Claffin E. A. Seccomb Leonard kichardso Byron W. Clarks Chas. Claghern Geo. P. Stockwell W. V. Tusper PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 21.—The jury in the trial of the contest over the will of the late John L. Neill, which retired on Monday after loon, returned to court coday with a verdict for the contestants. Neill made H. W. Maxwell
A. B. Hail.
E. L. Kalofleisch
Geo, B. M. dlory
A. D. Williams
W. H. Nionolis
Ferd. Ward
Franklin C Prindle
D. S. Babecek, jr.,
A. D. Bramhall
Thos. R. Clarke the will in 1874, bequeathing the bulk of his property to his relatives and friends. Two years afterward he added a codtest reducing the legacies from \$173,000 to \$35,000 queathing all the residue of his estate to John S. Yardley, questing all the residue of insectice to Joint Landon, the conveyancer who drew up the codicil. The residue is believed to have be a about \$300,000. Those persons mentioned in the will then took meas tres to prevent the admission of the codicil to probate, the question being on the testamentary capacity of Neill. The jury found that the codicil was invalid, and that Neill did not possess testamentary capacity at the time of its execution.

BANK OFFICIALS TO BE PROSECUTED.

Thos. B. Clacke
A. C. Woodfuff
Leander Waterburg
Geo. R. Sheldon
W. A. Putnam
A. T. Piummer
W. H. Buffum
W. M. Van Anden
A. J. Perry
E. H. Cote
Jo a L. Hill
Thos. C. Acton
W. L. Kent
D. G. Rothns
Jasper W. Gilbert
C. E. Pratt
H. D. Polhemus
Wm. C. Kingsley
D. S. Baucock
Charles A. Hovt
N. H. Clement
Jesse Johnson
E. B. Barnum
Henry A. Moore
Wm. Hoster
A. C. Bance
Abraham Lott
James F. Pierce
Thomas Kinsella
Chas. H. Requa
D. R. James
Henry Sanger
Dean Sage
J. A. Tweedy (BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.) Boston, Dec. 21 .- A meeting of the unfortuate stockholders of the defunct Pacific Bank was held o-day, when the situation was discussed in a very earnest manner. Much indignation was expressed, and a strong feeling against paying another assessment was a strong tecining against paying another assessment was manifest. Resolutions denouncing Bank Examiner Needham for inclidency were reterred to the Executive Committee. It was voted to bring suit against the directors for the losses of the bank sustained by their wrong-doing and dilegal actions, and the United States Attorney was requested to criminally prosecute all persons found responsible for the disaster.

THE BANCROFT SCHOLARSHIP.

Worcester, Mass., Dec. 21 .- George Bancroft, the historian, who is a nutive of Worcester, has given to the city a sum of money for the foundation of scholarship to be called the Aaron and Lucretia Caanda scholarship to be catted the Auron and Litereth Chain-ler Bancroft Scholarship, the income to be paid towards defraying, in constant succession, the expense of the liberal education of some young native of Worcester who, in the schools of me eltr, may prove hisability and yet petiher he or his parents may have sufficient nears to meet the expenses of a residence at the college or university of his choice. The scholarship is named in memory of Mr. Bancroft's parents. The Chy Council this evening accepted the gift with thanks.

SULLIVAN AND ELLIOTT.

Chicago, Dec. 21.-Jere. Dunn, manager for John L Sullivan, the purilist, states that the reason why no arrangement was made for a glove fight between sullivan and Elitott in some other city after the and Sullivan and Elliott in some other city after the prohibition of their proposed contest here is the face that Elliott is really a sick mun and is suffering from paralysis of the brain. They will probably never meet, as their personal animosities have been sottled and they have become fast friends. Sullivan will leave here in a few days for New-York, whence he will go to Hot Springs, Ark, where he will remain six weeks and then go to Saa Francisco.

FRAGMENTS OF WESTERN NEWS.

ADJOURNED FOR THE CHRISTMAS HOLIDAYS. CHICAGO, Dec. 21.—The Board of Trade sted to day to adjourn from Friday to Tuesday, Decom-

THE JUNIOR CLASS OF ADELBERT COLLEGE. CLEVELAND, Dec. 21.—The Faculty of Adelsert College have reinstated the expelled junior class, with the exception of three, whose names the Faculty efuse to divulge.

ARMED SOCIALISTS TO PARADE IN CHICAGO. CHICAGO, Dec. 21.—Mayor Harrison says he win not interfere with the parade of armed Socialists upon the arrival of Herr Most unless a distorbance occurs. They will violate a state law in carrying arms, but no municipal law.

SUICIDE OF A COUNTY TREASURER.

CLINTON, Ill., Dec. 21.—James A. Wilson, treasure of De Witt County, committee suicide yesterday by hanging himself with a halter. He leaves a wire, mother and children, who were dependent upon him. He had been speculating heavily in grate, and his losses are supposed to have been heavy. He was regarded as worth \$50,000.

TELEGRAPHIC NOIES.

DEATH SENTENCE COMMUTED.

DENVER, Col., Dec. 21,—thentenant-Governor abor, acting Governor, has commuted the scatence of Anrew Bigger, who was to have been hanged at Ouray to-more with the action of the community to the communi

ow, to imprisonment for life.

A DISHONEST POST OFFICE OFFICIAL.

DENVER, Col. Dec. 21.—F. N. Briggs, superintendent of the letter carriers, and chief clerk of the Denver Post Dince, was arrested to day on a charge of abstracting money rom registered letters, and was held in \$1,000 ball.

from registered lotters, and was held in \$1,000 ball.

NEW-HAVEN, Dec. 21.—The hoel suit brought by Alexander Troup, Editor of The New-Haven Unformagning the New-Haven Register Publishing Company, was ended this evening by a verdet for the descendant.

LAUNCH OF A DREDGE.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 21.—Dredge No. 1, built for use on the Panama Cans, was successfully launched here to day, "It is called the Count de Losseys and is said to be 4the largest dredge ever built.

Appendix of PROM EXCESSIVE TAXATION.

ar_est dredge ever built.

APPEALING FROM EXCESSIVE TAXATION.

HARRISBURG. Penn., Dec. 21.—An pipeal was lied to-day from the decision of the Revenue Commissioners in the case burdening P_diadelphia with several hundred housand collars increased taxation.

thousand collars increased taxation.

REDUCTION OF WAGES ACCEPTED.

CLINTON, Mass., Dec. 21.—The Lancaster Gingham Mills, which employ about 2,000 persons, have aunounced a general reduction of three per cent in wages. The employes have accepted the reduction without any mark of dis-pproval.

NEWSPAPER TO BE SOLD BY AUCTION. MEMSPAPER TO BE SOLD BY AUCTION.

MEMPHIS, renin, Dec. 21.—by a decree of the chancery Court The Daily Memphis Avalanche will be sold at puolic auction to the aighest thider on January 13, 1883. This is, he result of the recent sut in the courts to wind up the partnership of the former company.

the partnership of the former company.

SHOT IN TURN AND KILLED,

GALVESTON, Tex., D.c. 21.—A dispatch to

New from Dandson says that Wilthe Calbert, a well-kn

roung indian, who recently shot a colored man, in the

near here, while intoxicated, was to-day shot not stilled

nan named McGiothin, at Lane's Ferry, near this place. man named McGlothiin, at Lane's Ferry, near this place,

a COAL WORKS IN ELIZABETH, PENN., STOPPED.

ELIZABETH, Penn., Dec. 21.—Most of the coal works in this neighborhood have stopped on account of the inadility of the owners to move the coal now in the river and ready for shipment. Early this week about 6,000,000 bushels were taken out by forty towboats, leaving 14,00,000 bushels were taken on the forty towboats, leaving 14,00,000 bushels suit on nand. The fee now in the river makes loaded coal crast exceedingly precarious property.

A GIFT TO PENNSYLVANIA.

HARRISBURG, Fo ID., Dec. 21.—A life-size portrait of General S. Whey Crawford was formally presented to the State to-day. The presentation speech was made by General State to-day. The presentation speech was made by General State to-day. The presentation speech was made by General State to-day. The presentation speech was made by General State to-day. Of Palagore Hoyt responded for the State. A number of Pennaylvania military men were present.

SUSPENSION OF A LOCA WORKS.

pumber of Pennsylvania military men were present.

SUSPENSION OF A LOCA WORKS.

PHILABELPHIA, Dec. 21.—A disputch from Easton,
Penn, says: "The Easton Lock Works suspended operations
this morning. A few years ago the present company, composed of New-York capitallats, bought the works from Easton
people. The latter have served an injunction apon the preseut proprietors for money claimed to be due them. About
fifty employes are thrown out of work until the frigation is
settled.

ritied.

THE DUTCHESS COUNTY POOR-HOUSE.

POUGHKERPSIE, Dec. 21.—The committee which has been investigating the charges made avainst the management of the utchess County Poorhouse has excuerated the superintendent from all blame. The committee believes Miss Carpenter, of the state Board of Chartica, sincere in her complaints, but also believes that the immates who made the complaints deceived her.

NEW-ENGLAND IN BROOKLYN

THIRD ANNUAL DINNER OF THE SOCIETY. SPEECHES BY MR. EVARTS, JUSTICE DAVIS, B. D. SILLIMAN, SPEWART L. WOODFORD, MAYOR LOW,

AND OTHERS.

The third annual festival of the New-Eugland Society in Brooklyn was held in the assembly and art reception-rooms of the Academy of Music in Brooklyn last night. Despite weather the attendance was large, and the occasion was the most suc-cessful of the society's dinners. The tables were set in the Assembly Room, while guests and members gathered in the Art Room. They began arriving about 5 o'clock, and within half an hour the reception room was filled with an animated throng of New-Englanders, and the descendants, near and remote, of the Pilgrim Fathers. Conterno's band and orchestra played popular music, and the centlemen gave themselves over to conver sation and the examination of the pictures until the arrival of the dinner-hour, which was set for 6 o'clock. A few minutes after 6 the guests entered the dining-hall to airs from the "Herzen Dame." The seats at the ten tables, accommodating 315 persons, were all occupied. At the table of honor sat the following gentlemen, at the right of the president, B. D. Silliman: Judge Neah Davis, Colonel W. F. Vilas, of Wisconsin; H. E. Pierrepont, Mayor Seth Low and Judge B. F. At the president's left were the flon. William M. Evaris, A. Q. Keasbay, of New-Jersey; W. T. Davis, of Plymouth, Mass; Josiah M. Fiske, Stewart L. Woodford. Francis G. Turner and ex-Mayor John W. Hunter W. B. Kendall was at the head of table B, Harry Earle at that of table C, General Henry W. Sloeum at table D. Hiram W. Hunt at E. John Winslow at F. Ripley Ropes at G, William H. Lyon at H, A. S. Barnes at K, and George H. Fisher at L. Among the others were the following: Charles Pract E. G. Webster • W. R. Sheldon

wing:
J. E. Vnfi, jr.
Camden C. Dike
E. R. Dark-e
Frederlek Grant
Robert P. Lee
J. M. Van Cott
J. Spenser Turner
Adram Van Sindera
Samuel MeLean
Eiward H Arnold
Wn. Cott Etward H Arnold Wm. D. Wade Wm. D. Wade Nelson G. Carman, Jr. Isaac H. Cary John W. Chadwick Thomas G. Shearman S. V. Weite C. E. West D. H. Cochran B. E. Valentine Wm. E. Sgrague J. C. Dekinson J. N. Partridge J. A. Taylor A. A. Low O. A. Gagor A. A. Low O. A. Gager J. G. Johnson E. A. Lewis Amos R. bbins Eli Robbins A. J. Camfield E. H. R. Lyman
A. Woodraff
James A. Cowing
Thours B. Adams
James W. Eiweil
Albon Man
E. H. Hobbs
Waiter S. Carter
J. B. Elliott
J. S. Pinnomer
Geo. W. Brush
Benjamin Estes
M. S. Ecach
E. H. Kellogg
Wm. C. Hamblin
Geo. P. Seiddon
A. C. Barnes
D. H. Houghtailn
A. C. Barnes Geo. P. Sacidoo A. C. Barnes D. H. Houghtallas E. N. Taller A. D. Wherlock Wm. C. Wallace John Gibb R. S. Roberts John T. Howard J. H. Steidard Caarles Donnis A. G. McDonald.

S. W. Battersnat Jas. W. Ridgway H. E. Dodge Jas. Edwin Spear Lorin Palmer Joseph F. Kuapp General Grant and the Rev. Dr. J. P. Newman were expected to be present, but they did not arrive. To Dr. Newman had been assigned the toast, 'The Pilgrim Mothers." The decorations of the room were simple and tasteful. Groups of flags enclosed the coats of arms of the origthirteen colonies, and banners and drapings in red, white and blue heightened the pleasing effect. Surrounded with such armorial devices as " Sie Semper Tyrannis," " Hope," and "Excelsior," the New-Englanders as-sailed the tempting viands of Del-monico as if acting under revolutionary inspiration —for the space of three hours.

ADDRESS OF PRESIDENT SILLIMAN.

A few minutes before 9 o'clock the president of the society, Mr. Silliman, rose amid cheers and gave

the annual address. He said in substance:

the society, Mr. Sillman, rose amid cheers and gave the annual address. He said in substance:

Gentlemen of the New-England is anniversary and in welcoming one another around the family table. We greet and welcome our kindred who are with its from other parts of New-England—and we greet and welcome in other parts of New-England—and we greet and welcome in other parts of New-England—and we greet and welcome in extrangers that are within our gates" and who have come to join with us in honoring the memory of the forefathers from whom it is our blessing and one boast that we are descended. We are no less proud of our descent from our foremothers. We know that those goodly and godly dames were preeninently good, gentle and refined, and irresistibly beautiful, for such are their daughters. It is certain, too, that the Pligrim Fathers were peerless specimens of the manhood of that day—" for by their fruits ye shall know them "—though, doubtless, the absolute perfection of this splendd assemblage of their sons can only be the result of two hundred and sixty-two years of the most active "evolution." (Appliause and laughter.)

But let us not sing all our pacans to the Pligrim fathers. Let us also remember and honor the Pligrim mothers. According to accepted tradition it was not a Pligrim father, but a Pligrim mandeu, fair Mary Chilton, who first sprang from the Mayllower's boat us it approached the rock. She married John Winslow, and among her descendants were Copley, the great painter, Lord Lyndhurst, afterward Lord Chancellor of England, and in later days Admiral Winslow, of our Navy, who in the United States ship Kearsarge during the civil war captured and sank the rebel frigate Alabama, which had been fitted out in Ergland to prey upon our commerce. But I must refrain from their boaraphies, for the brief hours forbid more than a passing tribute to those herold women who made greater sacrifices and suffered greater hardships than did the men, for they were less able to endure them. From Delit to Plymouth, from Plymout

England, and their nursery and fiveside teachings and moral inculcations have done more than all other teachings to guide their sons in the way they should go. [Applaisse.]

Between six and seven years after the Pflgrims landed they were followed by the Puritans, among whom were very many persons of gentle blood, of high education (graduates of Oxford and Cambridge), and of large means. By 1640 they amounted to somewhat over 20,000, and the New-England people thus originating lave so increased and muitiplied that their descendants now number (according to the best estimate) some thirteen millions, constituting a quarter part of the population of the United States, over the whole surface of which they have gone forth and the institutions of which they have gone forth and the institutions of which they have so largely created, shaped and influenced.

Although the Pilgrims numbered but 110 (mer. women and emiliren) who came by the Mayflo ver, ye, we all alian and contrive to trace our pedigree on the father's or mother's side to them. Who can doubt, for instance, that it was from Miles Standish ta warrier of a titled race—by descent, by nature and by gallant service on the Continent), who can doubt that from him the distinguished generals whom I see before me inherited their military genius? Who can doubt that the Hon. ex-Secretary of State, the learned Judge, the Counsellor, the Mayor, derived their blood, wisdom, cloquence and their statesmanship, through their mothers, from the other strong men of the Mayflower I [Appliause.]

Well may we all revere the pure, brave and wise persons who, in the cabin of that little ship, framed that mimortal compact which established a republic in America, which provided for equal laws, equal rights and popular suffrage. They, and the Puritans who followed them, so soon as they had built their rude dwellings, built also their churches and their common school-houses. They betieved in God and sought to eather in a work of the cover that we have a some to seventeen hundred; that si

uted annually, uch is the great political and moral aspect of this